

TRAX Engineering Capabilities





TRAX Engineering Capabilities

TRAX provides modeling and control system services for all types of power plants as well as process plants in the following areas:

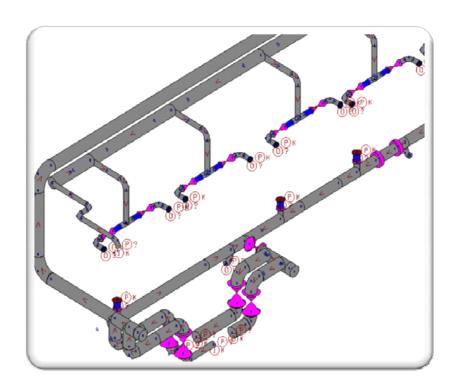
- Optimization
- Piping analysis
- NFPA analysis
- Fuel conversion
- Unconventional power
- Renewable energy
- Electrical analysis
- Carbon capture
- Pollution control additions





Piping Analysis

- Determine size and placement of relief valves
- Evaluate ability of headers to handle supply and consumption changes
- Evaluate effectiveness of turbine bypass systems (valve sizing and stroke times)
- Long piping runs
- Dynamic impact of pipe and valve sizing





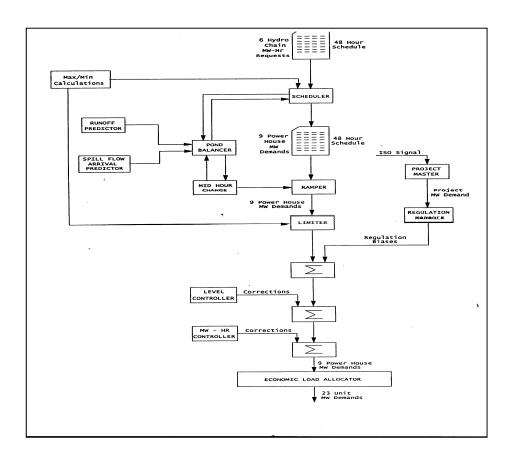
Optimization

- Six reservoirs and 23 generators
- Constraints on water flow and reservoir level
- Economic dispatch to provide required load at lowest possible cost
- Calculations include operating costs and cost to start and stop units
- 24 hour load scheduling
- Optimize on maximizing generation or minimizing costs





Optimization



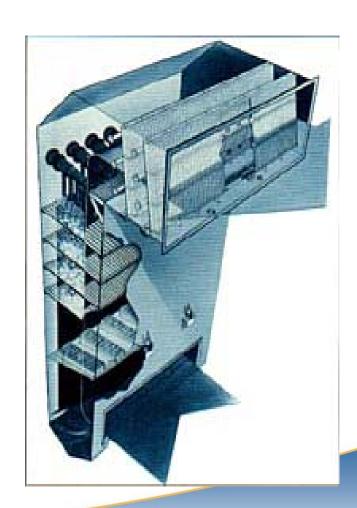
- Optimization algorithms adaptable to hydro, wind, solar and fossil plants
- On and off-line optimization of geographically remote generating facilities
- Get the most MW from each unit of fuel
- Arm plant personnel with economic information to make smarter decisions
- Multiple day scheduling

Load Allocation Algorithm



Pollution Control Additions

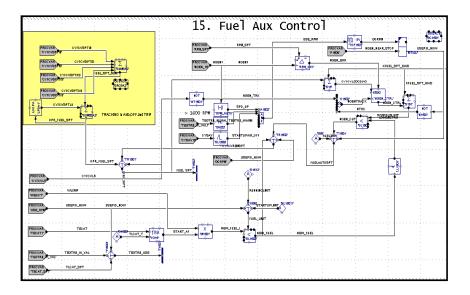
- Addition of scrubbers, baghouse
- Design controls
- Evaluate fan sizing
- Furnace implosion protection





NFPA Compliance

- Evaluate existing or proposed controls
- Determine areas of non-compliance
- Modify controls to ensure compliance
- Test all controls before delivering





Electric Network Analysis

Economic

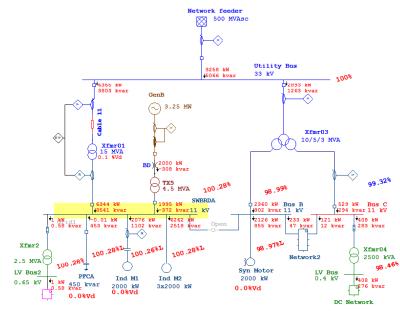
- Optimal Load Flow
- Optimal Capacitor Placement

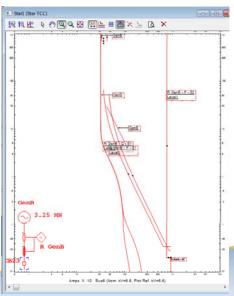
Reliability

- Short Circuit (AC & DC)
- Protective Device Coordination
- Reliability Assessment
- Transient Stability

Safety

- Arc Flash (AC & DC)
- Electric Shock Protection







Fuel Conversion



Coal-to-Biomass

- Co-fire up to 50% biomass pellets
- Evaluate combustion characteristics
- Modify fuel and combustion controls

Coal-to-Gas

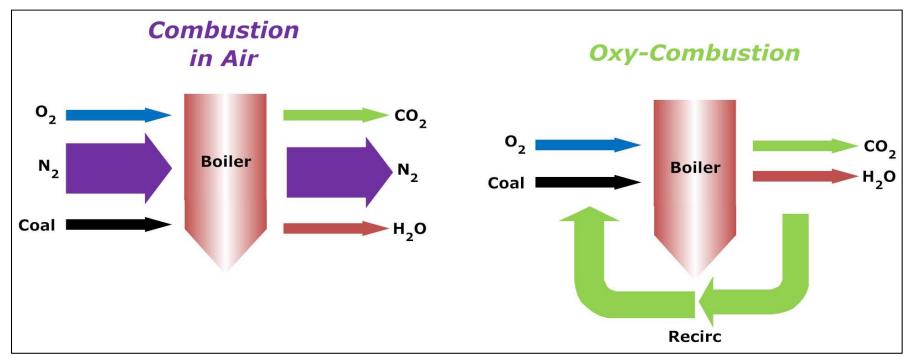
- Convert from coal to 100% gas-fired
- Confirm adequacy of existing of air and flue gas fans
- Evaluate safety of existing controls during normal operation and fuel trips



Carbon Capture

Oxy-Combustion

- Burn coal with pure oxygen
- Cool flue gas to remove water
- Result is pure CO₂ stream



- Evaluate combustion and heat transfer characteristics
- Determine gas recirculation requirements to moderate temperature



Unconventional Power Generation

Gasification

Wabash River



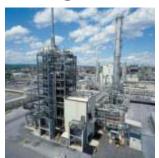
- Conoco gasifier
- Training simulator

TECo Polk



- Texaco gasifier
- Controls checkout
- Training simulator

ISAB



- Heavy oil gasification
- Texaco gasifier
- Controls checkout
- Engineering simulator





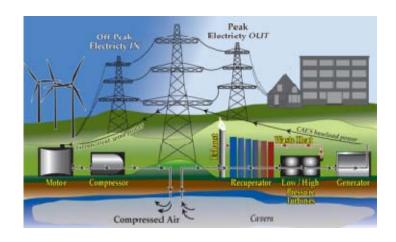
- Texaco gasifier
- Shell gasifier
- Engineering simulator



Unconventional Power Generation

Compressed Air Energy Storage

- Best 'utility scale' energy storage technology after Hydroelectric
- Two installations in the world: Huntorf, Germany & McIntosh, AL, U.S.
- In U.S., TRAX modeled all process components including underground cavern



Storage Cavern: 19 M cu/ft.

Full Pressure: 1100 PSI

Compression Time: 41 Hrs.

Air Generation Time: 26 Hrs.

Full Load Output: 110 MW



Renewable Energy

Hybrid Power Generation: Combined Cycle + Solar

FP&L Martin Next Generation Solar Energy Center, Florida, USA



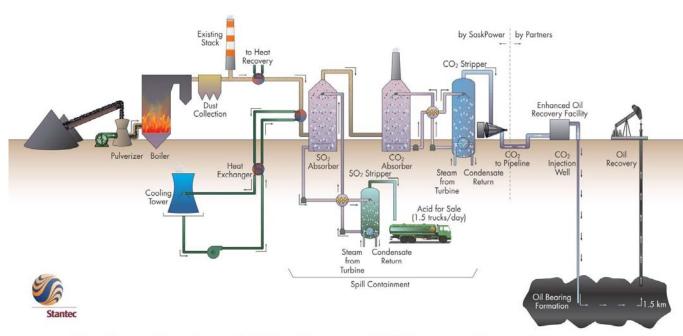
- Solar energy used to boil water and heat steam in pipes
- 190K mirrors; 75 MW of superheated steam
- World's first hybrid solar energy complex
- Solar field capacitance & piping modeled
- TRAX verified performance & controls design
- Establish startup procedure for bringing solar field steam into combined cycle



Carbon Capture

Carbon Capture Addition

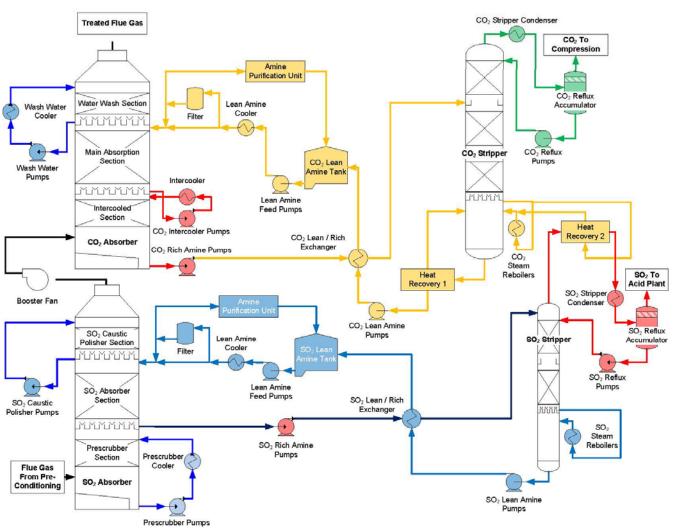
- World's first post-combustion coal-fired CCS facility
- Capturing full gas stream not slip stream
- System provides both CO₂ and SO₂ capture
- CO₂ transported via pipeline to enhanced oil recovery site 100 km away



Carbon Capture Utilization and Storage Process



Carbon Capture



Carbon Capture

- SO2 stripper
- CO2 stripper
- Sulfur to sulfuric acid plant
- CO2 to compression and into pipeline

